# **Yin-Yang Build Directions:**

### Wing

- 1. The wing is built from a single sheet of 30" x 20" foamboard.
- 2. Cut four 30"x 3/8"-wide strips from the foamboard.
- Create a wing spar by gluing one strip on top of another (paper to pa white glue. Use weights or tape to stabilize the parts and allow sever
- 4. Create a second wing spar by repeating step 3 using the remaining tw
- While the spars are drying, cut the wing outline from the foamboard. as marked on the plans.
- Decide which side of the foamboard will be the inside surface and ma cuts will be made on this inside surface.
- 7. Referencing the plans, mark the inside surface of the wing with the lot the top skin cuts, and the ailerons.
- 8. Using a sharp hobby knife or razor blade, slice the foamboard along t careful to cut through only the inside paper layer and foam. Do not come to be sharp to b
- 9. Fold the foamboard 180-degrees along the leading edge cut.
- Cut a 45-degree bevel along each side of the fold. Be careful to avoid at the fold.
- 11. Carefully fold the foamboard in the opposite direction. Apply gentle particle a nice-rounded shape on the outside surface of the leading ed
- 12. Lay the wing panel flat on the table and slice the inside surface of the lines. Do not cut through the outer paper layer.
- 13. Run the thin edge of a craft stick along the cuts to create a slight gap skin to bend slightly inward along the cuts.
- 14. Once the spars are fully dried, glue them to the bottom skin of the wi



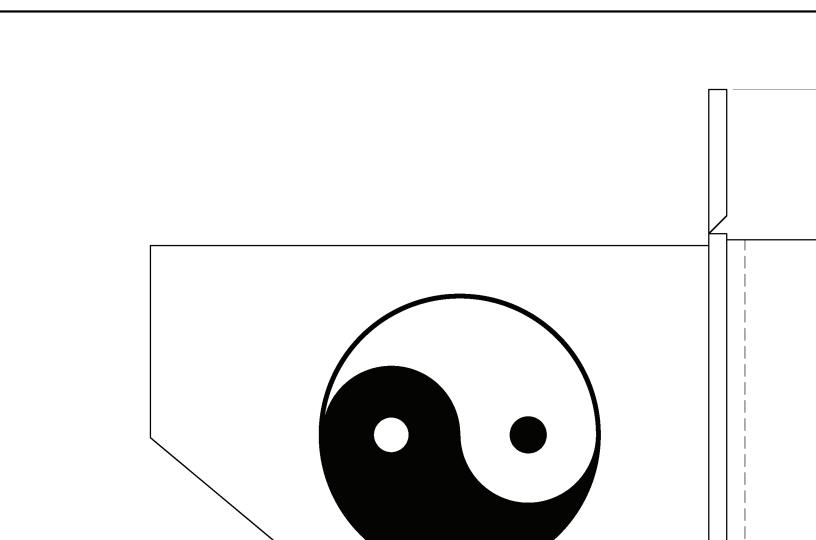
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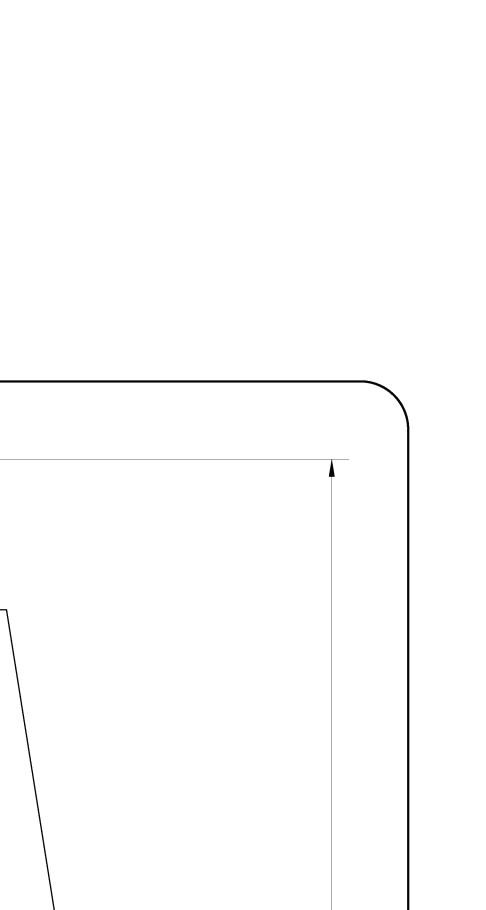
### **Final Assembly**

- 1. Paint the airframe using common spray paint. Apply paint in several light coats to prevent the foam from warping.
- 2. Install the receiver in the right fuselage using hot glue or hook-and-loop tape.
- 3. Cut pockets in the foam as shown and insert Hitec HS-55 servos for each aileron. Secure the servos with a dab of 5-minute epoxy under each mounting tab.
- 4. Create aileron pushrods using .047" music wire. You may use any combination of Z-bends, Mini E/Z Connectors (Du-Bro part #845), or E/Z Links (Du-Bro part #920) to connect the pushrods.
- 5. Attach a Hitec HS-55 servo to the inside of the left fuselage where indicated using 5-minute epoxy.
- 6. Connect the elevator servo to the control surface using a Du-Bro .047" Micro Push Rod System (part #922). Glue the pushrod sleeve to the fuselage using 5-minute epoxy.
- 7. Install the motors and ESCs to each fuselage.
- 8. Connect all servos and ESCs to the receiver and ensure proper movement with no binding.
- 9. Set the control throws to  $\pm$ -for the ailerons and  $\pm$ -for the elevator.
- 10. Fold the bottom panels of each fuselage in place and secure with white glue.

## Flying

- 1. Insert a battery in each fuselage.
- 2. Verify that the model balances at 1-3/4" to 2" behind the wing leading edge.
- 3. Connect both batteries.
- 4. Verify that both motors respond to throttle inputs.
- 5. Grasp the Left Fuselage just behind the wing trailing edge.





Elmer's white glue.

 With careful planning the remaining airframe components can be cut foamboard.

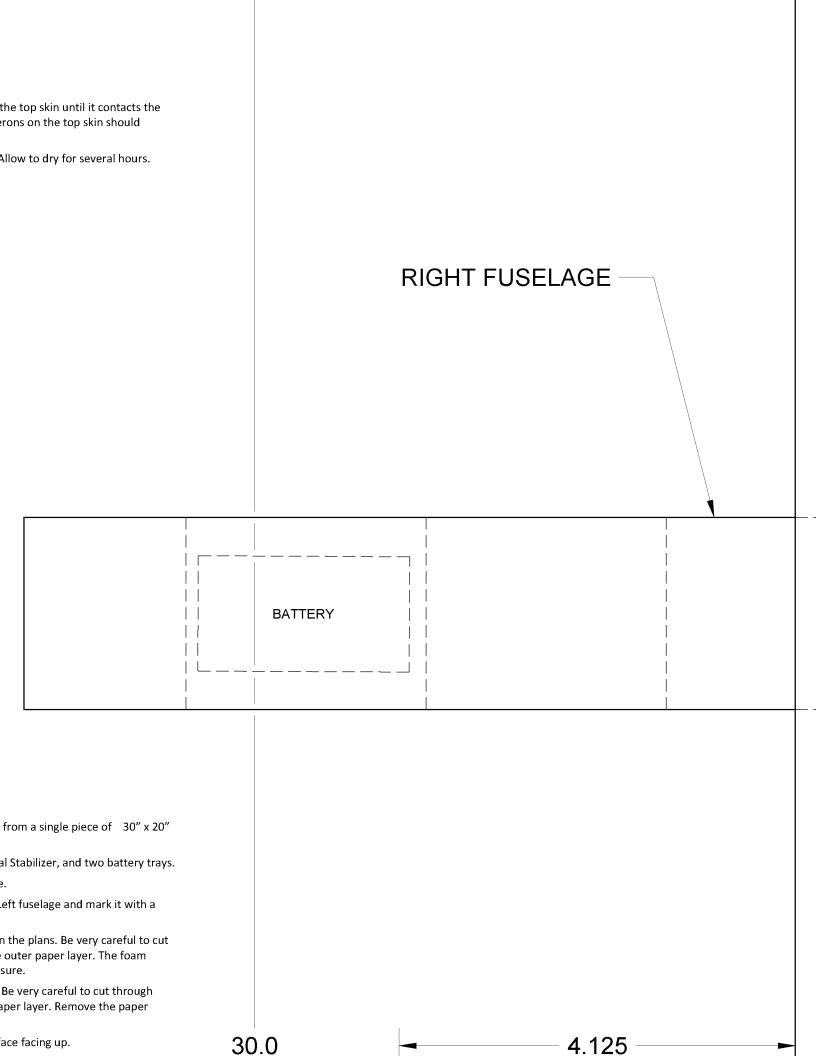
Right and Left Fuselage

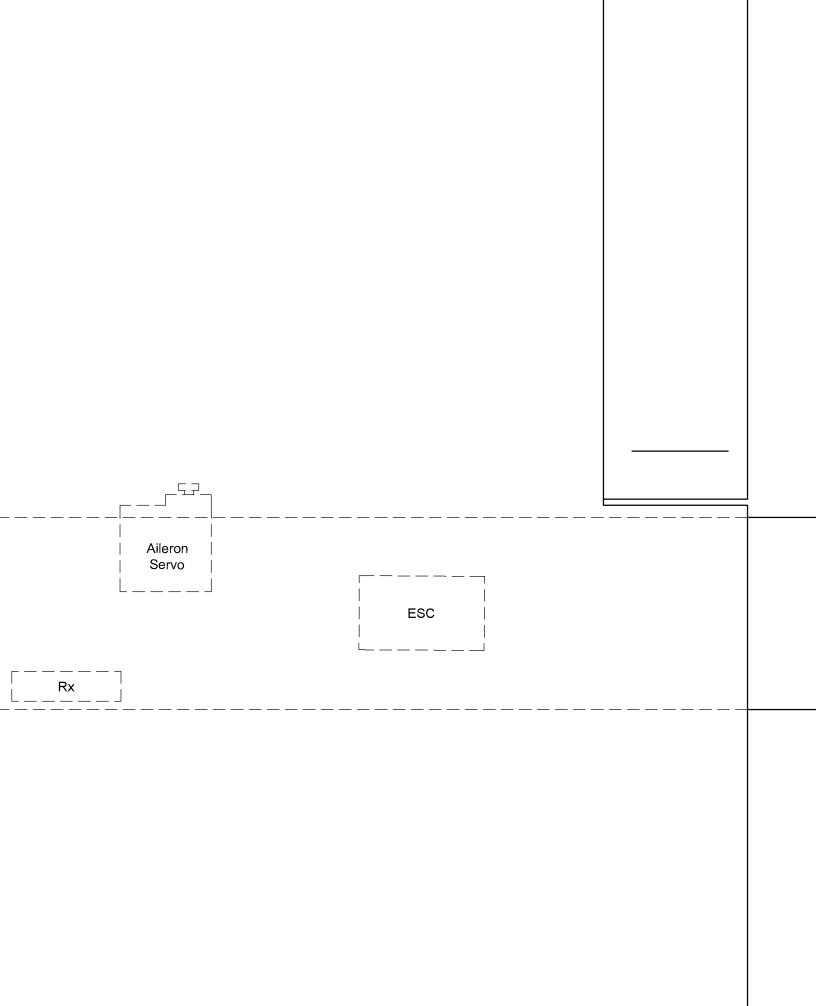
- 2. Cut out the Left Fuselage, Right Fuselage, Horizontal stabilizer, Vertic
- 3. Cut out the servo wire exits from the Left Fuselage and Right Fuselage
- Decide which side of the foamboard will be the inside surface of the I
  pencil. All marks and cuts will be made on this inside surface.
- Cut and remove the foam and inner layer of paper where indicated o through only the inside paper layer and foam. Do not cut through the should easily peel away from the outer layer of paper with slight pres
- 6. Make relief cuts on the Right Fuselage where indicated on the plans. only the inside paper layer and foam. Do not cut through the outer pabetween these cuts.
- 7. Lay the Right Fuselage flat on the building surface with the inside surf

- 15. Apply a thin layer of Elmer's white glue to the following areas:

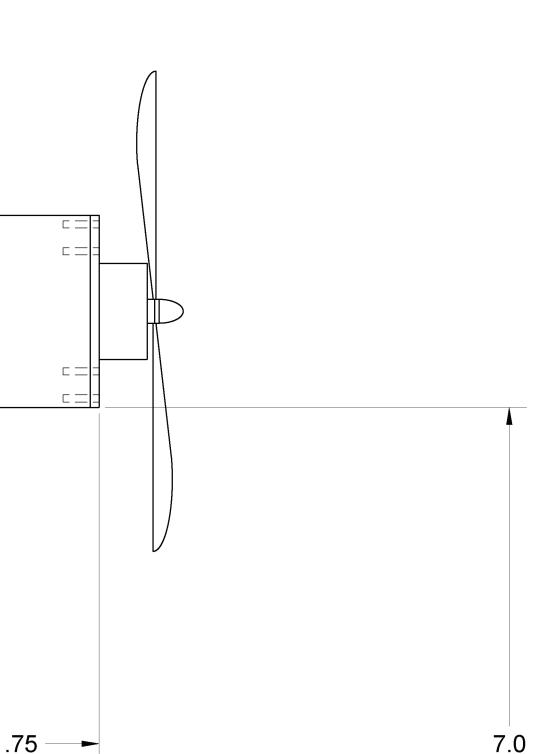
  a. The top of both spars
- b. The rear 1/8" of the inner surface of the bottom skin
  c. The beveled faces of the leading edge
  16. With the bottom of the wing panel on a flat table, carefu
  - 16. With the bottom of the wing panel on a flat table, carefully fold over spars in the midsection and the rear edge of the bottom skin. The ails
  - protrude past the rear of the bottom skin.

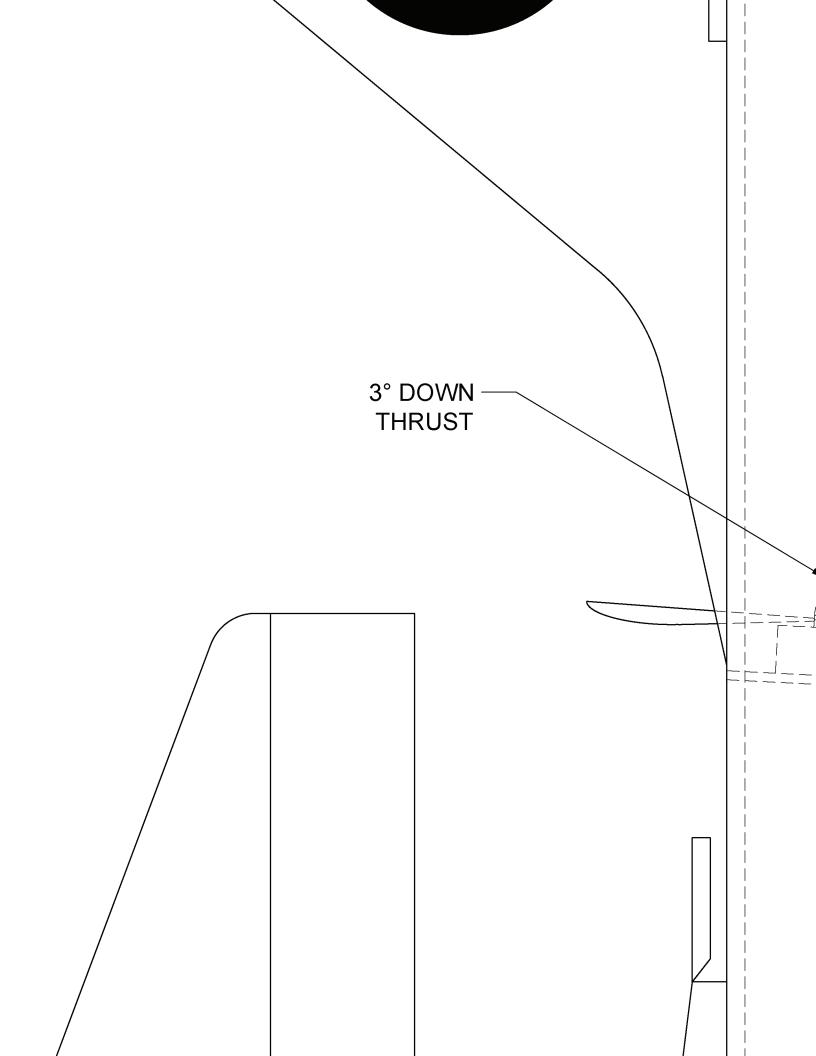
    17. Set weights on the top of the wing along the spars and trailing edge.
  - 18. Use scrap foam to cover the open wing tips.

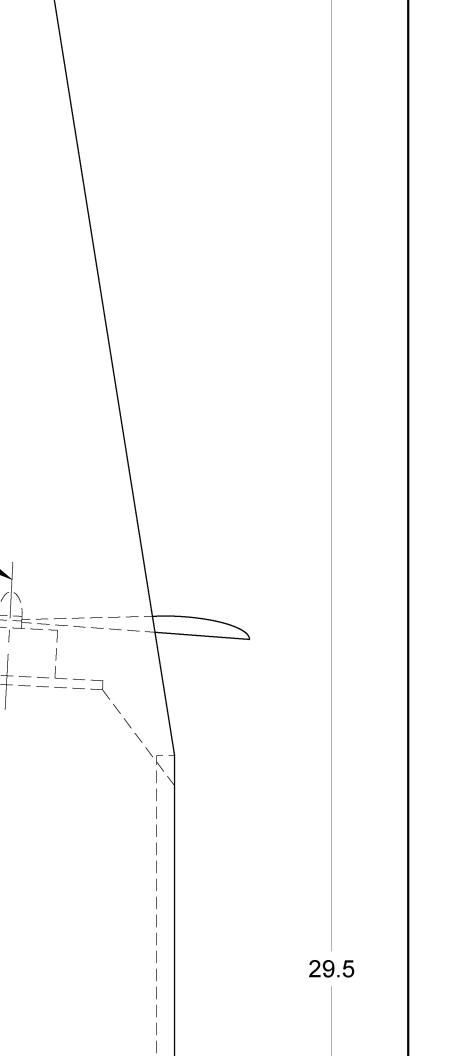




- 6. Apply ½ to ¾ throttle.
- 7. Launch the model with a slight nose-high attitude using an underarm motion.
- 8. Enjoy flying your Yin-Yang! This model is fast and responsive.
- 9. Be conservative with your flight times to ensure that one motor does not cut off before the other.







- 8. Apply a light layer of white glue to the edge of each side panel where
- 9. Rotate the side panels so they are vertical and the edge of each pane
- 10. Use tape and/or weights to hold the side panels in position and allow
- 11. Repeat steps 7-10 on the Left Fuselage.
- 12. Remove the paper layer from one side of each battery tray.
- 13. Optional: Glue a strip of thin plywood (1/64" to 3/32"-thick) to the ba
- 14. Glue a strip of Hook-and-Loop tape to each Battery Tray using 5-Minu optional plywood strip.
- 15. Apply a thin layer of white glue to the side edges of each Battery Tray Left Fuselage.
- Apply a thin layer of white glue to the edges of the Forward Fuselage around.
- 17. Set the top panel of the Right Fuselage in place. Use low-tack masking position until the glue has dried.

### Firewall

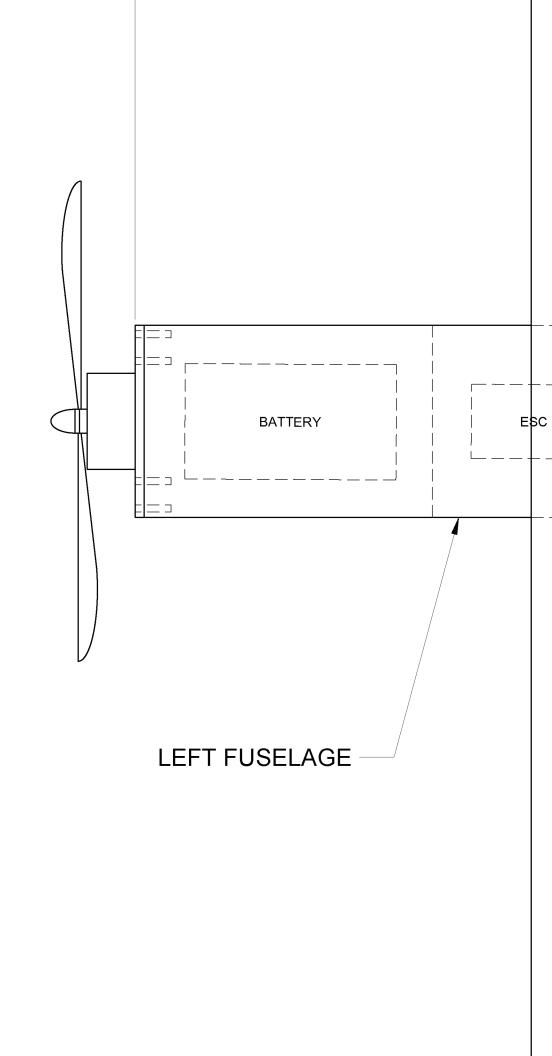
- Cut out the two Firewalls from 3/32" plywood.
- 2. Drill the holes necessary to mount your chosen motors and route the
- 3. Obtain a package of round toothpicks, these will be used to strengthe firewall and its attached fuselage.
- 4. Drill two holes each along the top and side edges of the firewalls. The the toothpicks can be pushed through them with light pressure.
- 5. Cut 6 toothpicks in half using sharp side cutters.
- 6. Apply white glue to the rear edge of the Right Fuselage where the Fir
- Place the firewall in position on the Right Fuselage. Use low-tack mas place.
- 8. Apply a drop of white glue to the sharp end of a toothpick half.
- 9. Carefully push the toothpick half though a hole in the Firewall and int Fuselage. It is okay if the toothpick protrudes out of the firewall. This
- 10. Apply glue and push the toothpick halves into the remaining 5 holes of
- 11. Repeat steps 6-10 on the Left Fuselage.
- 12. Allow to dry for several hours.
- 13. Use a pair of sharp side cutters to trim the toothpick halves flush with may be used to make the joints even smoother.

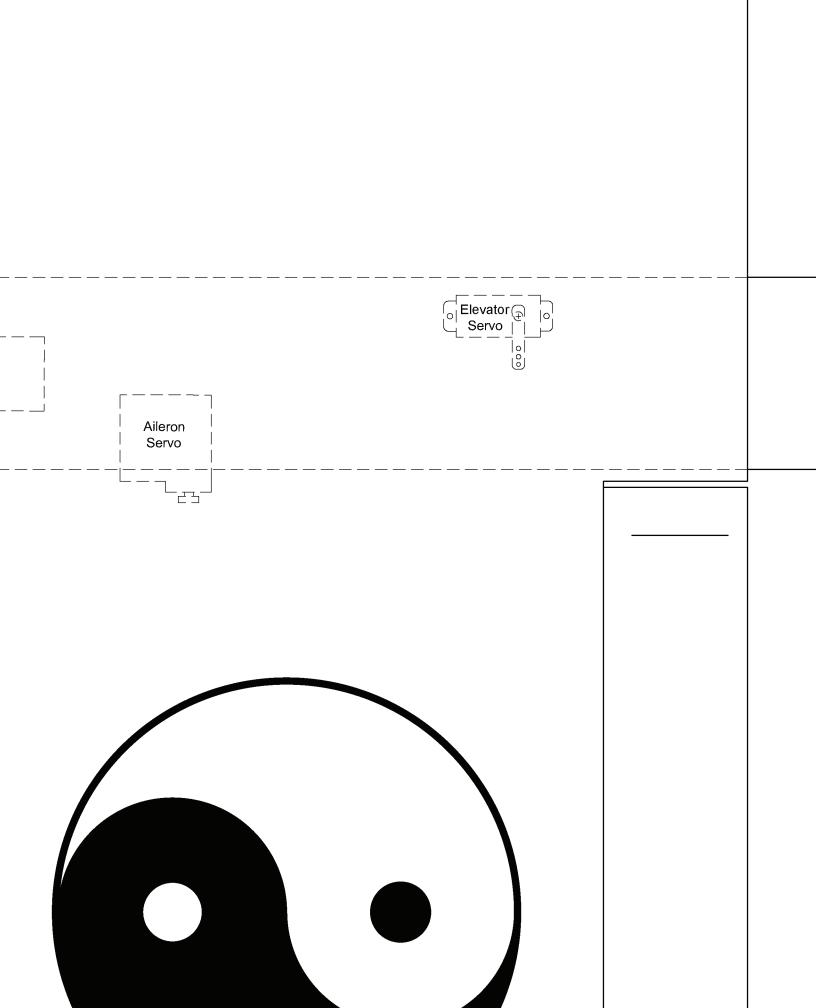
### **Control Surfaces**

- Place the horizontal stabilizer on the work surface with the bottom si line. Be very careful to cut through only the bottom paper layer and f layer.
- 2. Draw a line on the elevator that is approximately 3/16" behind the hi
- 3. Cut along the line with the blade angled towards the hinge line. This spiece at the hinge line. The top paper layer acts as a hinge.
- 4. Spread a very thin layer of white glue along the inside of the hinge lir
- 5. Optional: Cut a slit into the horizontal stabilizer approximately  $\frac{1}{2}$ " for 1mm x 3mm flat carbon fiber spar into the slot. Secure with foam-saf
- Cut both ailerons free, repeating the same method used with the election should be left intact as a hinge.
- Install three Du-Bro Micro Razor Control Horns (part #936) to the elev on the plans. Secure with 5-minute epoxy.

sits on the top panel. the glue to dry for several hours. ire side of each Battery Tray. ite epoxy. If present, glue to the and install them in the Right and sides where the top panel wraps g tape to keep the top panel in wires through the Firewall. en the glue joint between each se holes should be sized so that ewall is to be installed. king tape to hold the firewall in o the foam of the Right will be trimmed later. of the firewall. the firewalls. A sanding block de facing up. Cut along the hinge oam. Do not cut into the top paper nge line. should remove a wedge-shaped e to prevent delamination. ward of the hinge line. Insert a e CA or white glue. ator. Again, the top paper layer ator and ailerons where indicated

they meet the top panel.



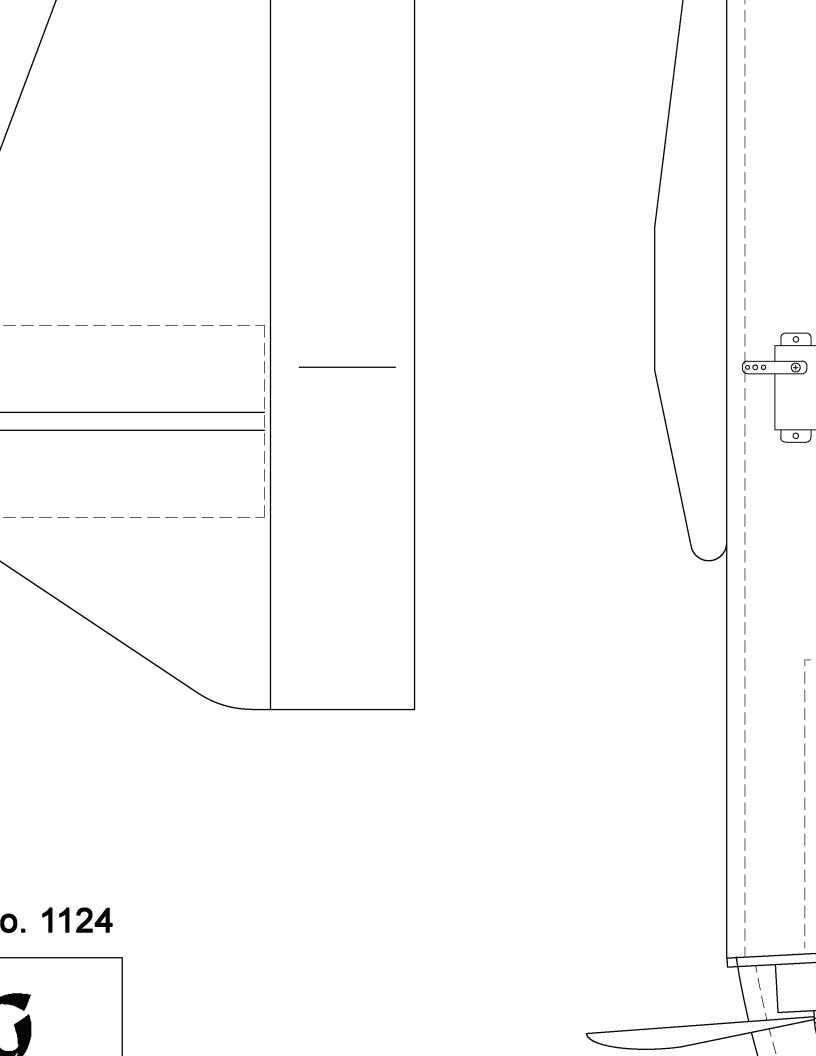


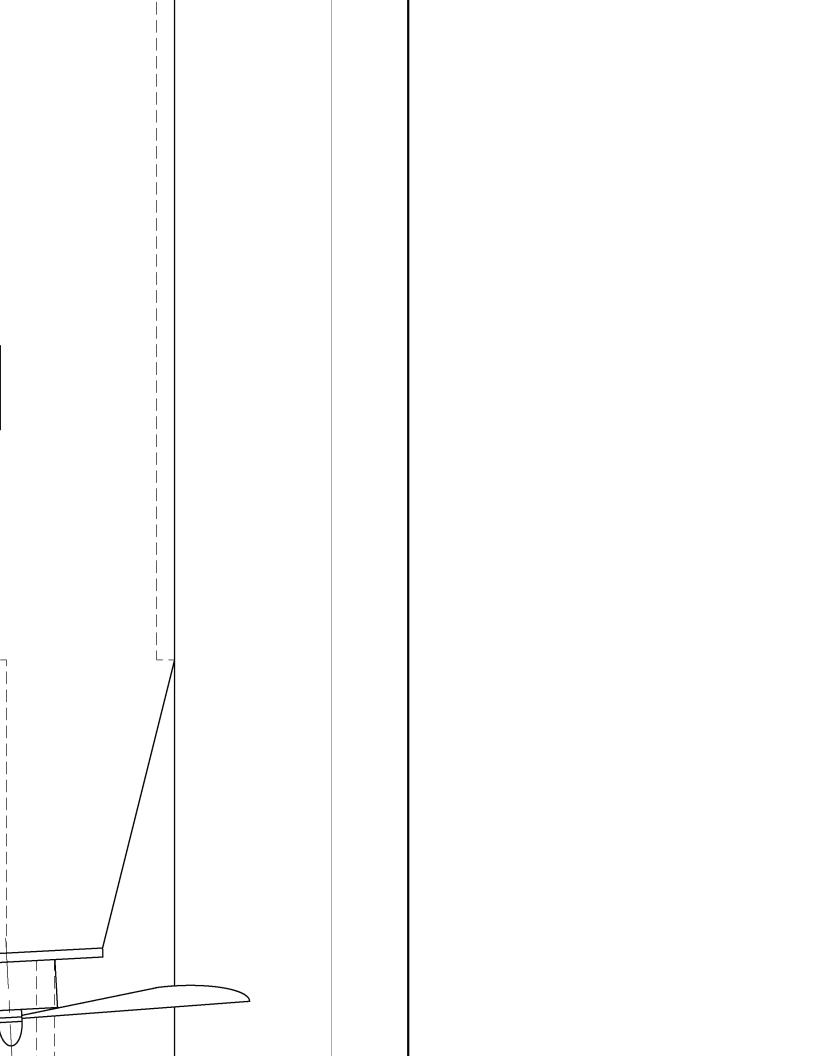


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Plan N



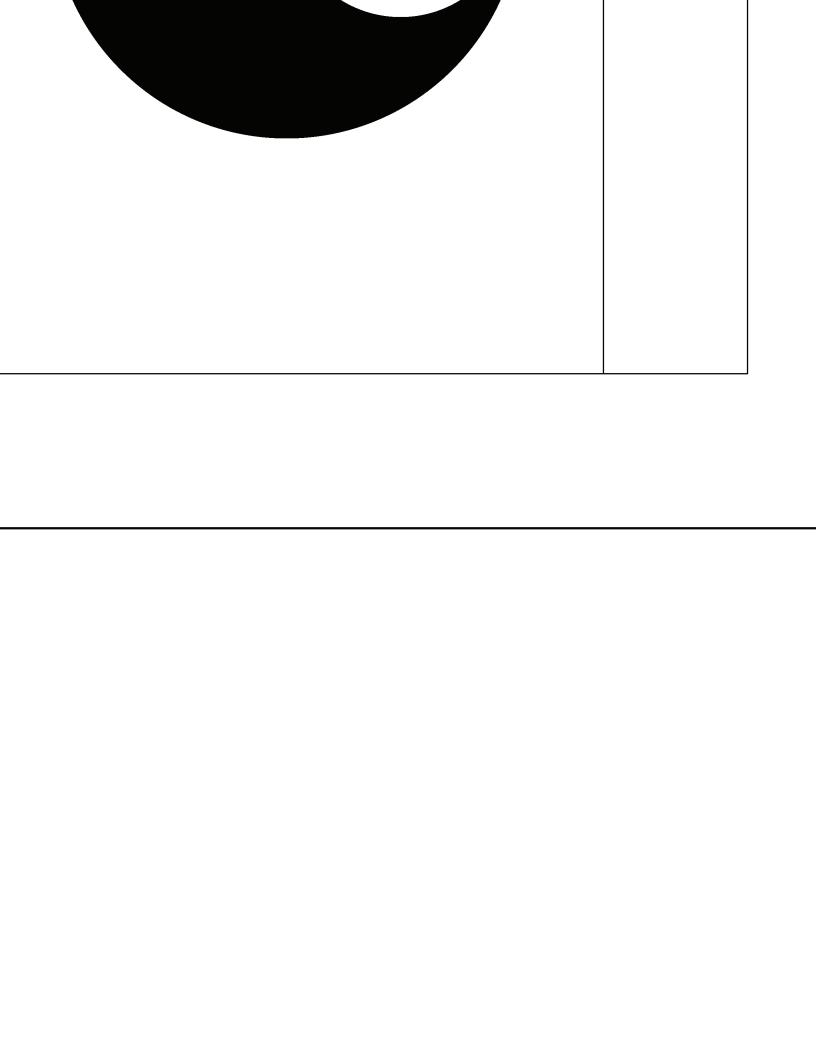




### Join Sub-Assemblies

- 1. Route three 12"-long servo extensions through the channel between of the extensions should emerge from the right side of the wing.
- 2. Remove the outer paper from the bottom of the wing and the top of where these parts will be joined.
- 3. Set the Right and Left fuselages in position on the top view of the pla position.
- 4. Spread a layer of white glue where the wing meets the Right and Left
- 5. Set the wing in place on the Right and Left Fuselages. Ensure that the through the exit holes in the top of each fuselage.
- 6. Verify that all components are aligned correctly.
- 7. Add weight to the top of the wing and allow the glue to dry for sever
- 8. Remove the weights and lift the airframe from the work surface.
- From inside the Left Fuselage, push a toothpick half through the top of bottom surface of the wing. Remove the toothpick, cover the point w into the hole.
- 10. Repeat step 9 until six to ten toothpicks are placed in each fuselage.
- Remove the outer paper from the bottom of the Horizontal Stabilizer where the tail feathers are joined.
- 12. Glue the Horizontal stabilizer to the Left Fuselage with white glue and
- 13. Glue the Vertical Stabilizer to the Left Fuselage with white glue. Ensu allow to dry.
- Optional: Add a small brace between the Horizontal and Vertical State dowel secured with white glue.

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# Asymmetric Twin Park Flyer Designed By: Terry Dunn Drawing By: Dan Sponholz

WINGSPAN: 30 in. (762 mm) LENGTH: 29.5 in. (749 mm)

WEIGHT: 15-20 oz. (425-567 g)

WING AREA: 233 in<sup>2</sup> (15.0 dm<sup>2</sup>)

POWER SYSTEM:

MOTORS: 2X 75-150 watt ESC'S: 2X 8 amp min.

PROPS: 2X 5 x 4.5 BN Master Airscrew BATTERIES: 2X 450-850 mAh 2-3S LiPo

SERVOS: 3X 9 gram

